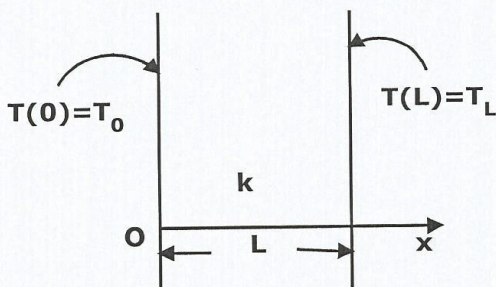


Cankaya University
 Faculty of Engineering
 Mechanical Engineering Department
 ME 313 Heat Transfer
 Fall 2017
 Quiz # 2

Consider an infinite plane wall as given below. The plane wall has thickness of $L=0.3$ m and a thermal conductivity of $k = 1$ W/m.K.



The temperature distribution across this plane wall at a certain instant of time is

$$T(x) = a + bx + cx^2$$

where T is in degrees Celsius and x is in meters, $a = 200^\circ\text{C}$, $b = -200$ $^\circ\text{C}/\text{m}$ and $c = 30$ $^\circ\text{C}/\text{m}^2$.

- What is the temperature at $x=0$ (left face of plane wall) ?
- What is the temperature at $x=L$ (the right face of the plane wall) ?
- On a unit surface area basis (i.e. assume 1 m^2 for surface area), determine the rate of heat transfer into the wall at $x=0$ and out of the wall at $x=L$ and the rate of change of energy stored by the wall.
- If the cold surface is exposed to a fluid at 100 $^\circ\text{C}$, what is the convection heat transfer coefficient \bar{h} ?

Equations:

$$q'' = -k \frac{dT}{dx}$$

$$q_c'' = \bar{h}(T_w - T_\infty)$$

$$\dot{E}_{in} - \dot{E}_{out} + \dot{E}_g = \dot{E}_{st}$$

$$\dot{E}_{st} = \rho c V \frac{dT}{dt}$$

$$a) T_0 = T(0) = 200^\circ\text{C}$$

$$b) T(L) = [a + bx + cx^2]_{x=0.3}$$

$$T_L = [200 - 200 \times 0.3 + 30(0.3)^2] = 142.7^\circ\text{C}$$

$$c) q_{in}'' = -k \left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right|_{x=0} = -(1)(b + 2cx)_{x=0} = 200 \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$q_{out}'' = -k \left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} \right|_{x=L} = -(1)(b + 2cx)_{x=0.3} = -[-200 + 2(30)(0.3)] = 182 \text{ W/m}^2$$

(see back of page)

$$\dot{E}_{in} - \dot{E}_{out} + \dot{E}_g = \dot{E}_{st}$$

$$\dot{E}_{st} = \dot{q}_{in} - \dot{q}_{out} = 200 - 182 = 18 \text{ W/m}^3$$

$$d) \quad \bar{h} = \frac{\dot{q}_{out}}{T_L - T_{\infty}} = \frac{182}{142.7 - 100} = 4.3 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$$